UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of July 2022 Commission File No. 001-36675

STELLANTIS N.V.

(Translation of Registrant's Name Into English)

Taurusavenue 1
2132 LS Hoofddorp
The Netherlands
Tel. No.: +31 23 700 1511
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F x Form 40-F o

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): o

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule101(b)(7): o

The following exhibit is furnished herewith:

Exhibit 99.1 Press release issued by Stellantis N.V. dated July 28, 2022.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: July 28, 2022 STELLANTIS N.V.

By: /s/ Richard K. Palmer

Name: Richard K. Palmer Title: Chief Financial Officer

Index of Exhibits

Exhibit

Number Description of Exhibit

99.1 Press release issued by Stellantis N.V. dated July 28, 2022.



Exhibit 99.1

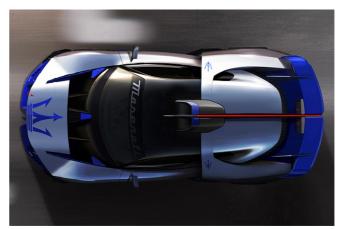
Stellantis Posts Record First Half 2022 Results with 14.1% AOI Margin⁽¹⁾, €8.0 Billion Net Profit and €5.3 Billion Industrial Free Cash Flows⁽²⁾; Global BEV Sales Up Nearly 50%, Among Leaders in EU30 BEV Sales

- Net revenues of €88.0 billion, up 17% compared to H1 2021 Pro Forma⁽³⁾ reflecting strong net pricing, favorable vehicle mix and positive FX translation effects
- Adjusted operating income⁽¹⁾ of €12.4 billion, up 44% compared to H1 2021⁽³⁾, with margin at 14.1%; all five regions⁽⁴⁾ with double-digit margins
- Net profit of €8.0 billion, up 34% compared to H1 2021⁽³⁾
- Industrial free cash flows⁽²⁾ of €5.3 billion, up €6.5 billion compared to H1 2021⁽³⁾
- Strong Industrial available liquidity at €59.7 billion
- Stellantis ranked second in BEV sales and LEV sales in EU30 market; third in the U.S. market for LEV sales
- Global BEV sales up nearly 50% y-o-y to 136k units

All financial comparisons are to H1 2021 Pro Forma⁽³⁾.

"In a demanding global context, we continue to 'Dare Forward', delivering an outstanding performance and executing our bold electrification strategy. Together with our employees' resiliency, agility and entrepreneurial mindset, and our innovative partners, we are shaping Stellantis into a sustainable mobility tech company that's fit for the future. I would like to express my sincere appreciation to all Stellantis employees for their commitment and their contribution to these results."

Carlos Tavares, CEO



Maserati Supercar

| RESULTS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|---------|-------------------------------------|--|---------|--|--|--|
| | (€ million) | H1 2022 | H1 2021 Pro Forma ⁽³⁾ | H1 2022 vs. H1 2021 Pro Forma | H1 2021 | | | |
| ī | Net revenues | 87,999 | 75,310 | +17 % | 72,610 | | | |
| F R | Net profit | 7,960 | 5,936 | +34 % | 5,800 | | | |
| S | Cash flows from operating activities | 9,843 | n.a. | n.a. | 5,615 | | | |
| N O N | Adjusted operating income ⁽¹⁾ | 12,374 | 8,622 | +44 % | 8,438 | | | |
| G A A P | Adjusted operating income margin ⁽¹⁾ | 14.1% | 11.4% | +270 bps | 11.6% | | | |
| | Industrial free cash flows ⁽²⁾ | 5,319 | (1,163) | n.m. | n.a. | | | |

FY 2022 GUIDANCE - CONFIRMED

Adjusted Operating Income Margin⁽¹⁾ Double-Digit

Industrial Free Cash Flows(2) Positive

Assumes economic and COVID-19 conditions remain substantially unchanged

2022 INDUSTRY OUTLOOK (5)

North America -8% (from Stable) Enlarged Europe -12% (from -2%) Middle East & Africa Stable South America Stable (from +3%) India & Asia Pacific +5% China Stable

*2022 Industry Outlook changed for NA, EE and SA compared to outlook provided on May 5 '22

n.a. = not applicable n.m. = not meaningful

Basis of preparation: All reported data is unaudited. "H1 2022" and "H1 2021" represent results as reportable under IFRS. H1 2021 includes Legacy FCA from January 17, 2021, following the closure of the merger; "H1 2021 Pro Forma" is presented as if the merger had occurred January 1, 2020 and include results of FCA for the period January 1 - 16, 2021. Refer to the section "Notes" for additional detail. Reference should be made to the section "Safe Harbor Statement" included elsewhere within this document.



AMSTERDAM, July 28, 2022 - Stellantis' Dare Forward 2030 strategic plan is progressing at full speed, supported by record profitability and accelerating sales of low emission vehicles (LEV), which include battery electric (BEV), plug-in hybrid (PHEV) and fuel cell electric vehicles.

The Company ranked second in the EU30 market for BEV and LEV sales (less than 1k vehicles gap with LEV leader) and third in the U.S. market for LEV sales⁽⁶⁾. Stellantis' global BEV sales were up nearly 50% y-o-y to 136k units in H1. The Company now offers 20 BEVs, with an additional 28 BEVs to be launched through 2024.

Battery Ecosystem Strengthened: Confirmed locations for five gigafactories (three in Europe and two in North America), partnering with Automotive Cells Company, Samsung SDI and LG Energy Solution; and strengthened supply of low-carbon lithium hydroxide, by signing agreements with Vulcan Energy and Controlled Thermal Resources in Europe and North America, respectively. Samsung SDI and LG Energy Solution agreements remain subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals.

Global Mobility Leadership: Acquired Share Now, positioning Free2move as a world leader in mobility with more than 6 million customers worldwide.

Transformational Partnerships: Announced global, multi-year agreements with Amazon and Qualcomm that will transform the in-vehicle experience for millions of Stellantis customers.

North America: Achieved record profitability, with Adjusted operating income (AOI) margin of 18.1%; market share was up 40 bps y-o-y to 11.3%, with U.S. share up 50 bps to 11.7%. Jeep® Wrangler 4xe remains the best-selling PHEV in the U.S.⁽⁶⁾ with 19k units sold in H1, up 55% y-o-y. The all-new Jeep Grand Cherokee 4xe is arriving in dealerships, soon to be followed by the all-new Wagoneer L and Grand Wagoneer L in late 2022.

Enlarged Europe: Achieved AOI margin of 10.4% up 160 bps, EU30 market share at 21.2%, down 190 bps. The Fiat New 500 was the number one selling BEV in Germany and Italy and the Peugeot e-208 was the best-selling BEV in France. Jeep Compass and Renegade were the number one and number two best-selling LEVs in Italy. Peugeot 208, Opel Corsa, Citroën C3, Fiat Panda and Fiat 500 represented five of the EU30 top 10 selling vehicles.

Other Regions: All three regions achieved double-digit AOI margins. South America: more than tripled AOI to €1.0 billion, with 13.9% margin. Market leader in the region with 23.5% share. Fiat was the top-selling brand in the region and Jeep top-selling SUV brand in Brazil. Middle East & Africa: record AOI margin of 15.5% up 580 bps and AOI of €472 million; market share up 20 bps to 11.9%. China and India & Asia Pacific: AOI margin of 13.4%, with AOI up 40% to €289 million. The all-new Jeep Meridian and Citroën C3 launched in India and deliveries began in June and July, respectively.

Maserati: On the path to double-digit profitability, with AOI margin of 6.6%, up 330 bps. AOI more than doubled to €62 million. All-new MC 20 Cielo unveiled in May; launched all-new Grecale with first deliveries in Europe at the end of June and unveiled limited edition Supercar in July.

lote: Unless otherwise stated, all market share and ranking references are for H1 2022. All year-over-year comparisons are to H1 2021 including Legacy FCA for the period from January 1 - 16, 2021, prior to the closing of the merger

Upcoming Events: Dodge, Jeep and Ram to reveal more about their electrification strategies.

- August 16 and 17 Gateway Muscle and Future Muscle Reveals as part of 'Dodge Speed Week'
- · September Jeep 4xe Day
- November 3 Q3 2022 Shipments and Revenues
- November Ram Revolution

On July 28, 2022 at 12:30 p.m. CEST / 6:30 a.m. EDT, a live webcast and conference call will be held to present Stellantis' First Half 2022 Results. The webcast and recorded replay will be accessible under the Investors section of the Stellantis corporate website at www.stellantis.com. The presentation material is expected to be posted under the Investors section of the Stellantis corporate website at approximately 8:00 a.m. CEST / 2:00 a.m. EDT on July 28, 2022.

About Stellantis

Stellantis N.V. (NYSE / MTA / Euronext Paris: STLA) is one of the world's leading automakers and a mobility provider. Its storied and iconic brands embody the passion of their visionary founders and today's customers in their innovative products and services, including Abarth, Alfa Romeo, Chrysler, Citroën, Dodge, DS Automobiles, Fiat, Jeep, Lancia, Maserati, Opel, Peugeot, Ram, Vauxhall, Free2move and Leasys. Powered by our diversity, we lead the way the world moves – aspiring to become the greatest sustainable mobility tech company, not the biggest, while creating added value for all stakeholders as well as the communities in which it operates. For more information, visit www.stellantis.com

Contacts: communications@stellantis.com or investor.relations@stellantis.com



SEGMENT PERFORMANCE NORTH AMERICA

| € million, except as otherwise stated | H1 2022 | H1 2021 Pro Forma ⁽³⁾ | vs. H1 2021 Pro Forma | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Shipments (000s) | 959 | 873 | +86 | | |
| Net revenues | 42,443 | 32,447 | +9,996 | | |
| AOI | 7,683 | 5,236 | +2,447 | | |
| AOI margin | 18.1% | 16.1% | +200 bps | | |

- Shipments up 10%, mainly due to strong demand for all-new Wagoneer/Grand Wagoneer, mid-cycle refresh of Jeep Compass, all-new Jeep Grand Cherokee L and Chrysler Pacifica partially offset by lower volumes of Ram pickups, Dodge Durango and discontinued Grand Cherokee WK
- Net revenues up 31%, primarily due to higher volumes, strong net pricing, favorable vehicle mix and positive FX translation effects
- Adjusted operating income up 47%, primarily driven by higher Net revenues and favorable FX translation and transaction effects, partially offset by increased raw materials and logistics costs

MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA

| € million, except as otherwise stated | H1 2022 | H1 2021 Pro Forma ⁽³⁾ | vs. H1 2021 Pro Forma | |
|--|---------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Combined shipments ⁽⁷⁾ (000s) | 199 | 200 | (1) | |
| Consolidated shipments ⁽⁷⁾ (000s) | 138 | 138 | _ | |
| Net revenues | 3,039 | 2,547 | +492 | |
| AOI | 472 | 247 | +225 | |
| AOI margin | 15.5% | 9.7% | +580 bps | |

- Consolidated shipments flat, with higher volumes of all-new Jeep Grand Cherokee L and Citroën C4, as well as Opel Mokka and Peugeot 3008 and 208, offset by impact of increased unfilled semiconductor orders in H1 2022
- Net revenues up 19%, primarily due to higher net pricing, including pricing actions for Turkish lira devaluation, and improved vehicle mix, partially offset by negative FX translation effects, mainly from Turkish lira
- Adjusted operating income up 91%, mainly due to increased Net revenues, partially offset by negative FX transaction and translation effects

CHINA AND INDIA & ASIA PACIFIC

| € million, except as otherwise stated | H1 2022 | H1 2021 Pro Forma ⁽³⁾ | vs. H1 2021 Pro Forma | | |
|--|---------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Combined shipments ⁽⁷⁾ (000s) | 100 | 102 | (2) | | |
| Consolidated shipments ⁽⁷⁾ (000s) | 62 | 61 | +1 | | |
| Net revenues | 2,152 | 1,883 | +269 | | |
| AOI | 289 | 206 | +83 | | |
| AOI margin | 13.4% | 10.9% | +250 bps | | |

 Improved results mainly driven by favorable net pricing and vehicle mix, primarily related to Ram 1500 and Jeep brand vehicles, partially offset by unfavorable market mix

ENLARGED EUROPE

| € million, except as otherwise stated | H1 2022 | H1 2021 Pro Forma ⁽³⁾ | vs. H1 2021 Pro Forma |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Shipments (000s) | 1,362 | 1,664 | (302) |
| Net revenues | 31,319 | 32,040 | (721) |
| AOI | 3,267 | 2,829 | +438 |
| AOI margin | 10.4% | 8.8% | +160 bps |

- Shipments down 18%, with demand for all-new Peugeot 308, Fiat Professional Scudo and DS4 more than offset by impact of increased unfilled semiconductor orders in H1 2022
- Net revenues down 2%, with favorable net pricing, improved vehicle mix, primarily increased BEVs and PHEVs, and lower volumes with buyback commitments, more than offset by reduced new vehicle volumes
- Adjusted operating income up 15%, primarily due to positive net pricing, favorable vehicle
 mix, cost containment actions and lower buyback volumes, partially offset by higher raw
 material and energy costs

SOUTH AMERICA

| € million, except as otherwise stated | H1 2022 | H1 2021 Pro Forma ⁽³⁾ | vs. H1 2021 Pro Forma | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Shipments (000s) | 403 | 424 | (21) | |
| Net revenues | 7,233 | 4,936 | +2,297 | |
| AOI | 1,002 | 326 | +676 | |
| AOI margin | 13.9% | 6.6% | +730 bps | |

- Shipments down 5%, with strong demand for all-new Fiat Pulse, as well as Peugeot 208 and Jeep Compass more than offset by impact of increased unfilled semiconductor orders in H1 2022
- Net revenues up 47%, mainly due to very strong net pricing, favorable vehicle mix and positive FX translation effects, mainly Brazilian real, partially offset by lower volumes
- Adjusted operating income up 207%, primarily due to higher Net revenues and favorable FX translation and transaction effects, more than offsetting higher raw materials and logistics costs

MASERATI

| € million, except as otherwise stated | H1 2022 | H1 2021 Pro Forma ⁽³⁾ | vs. H1 2021 Pro Forma | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Shipments (000s) | 10.2 | 10.8 | (0.6) | |
| Net revenues | 941 | 885 | +56 | |
| AOI | 62 | 29 | +33 | |
| AOI margin | 6.6% | 3.3% | +330 bps | |

 Improved results mainly due to higher net pricing, favorable vehicle mix, driven by all-new MC20, and positive FX transaction effects, partially offset by increased D&A for new vehicle launches



Reconciliations

Net revenues from external customers to Net revenues and Net profit from continuing operations to Adjusted operating income

Results from continuing operations

| Results from continuing ope | Talions | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------|
| H1 2022 | (€ million) | NORTH AMERICA | ENLARGED EUROPE | MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA | SOUTH AMERICA | CHINA AND INDIA & ASIA PACIFIC | MASERATI | OTHER(*) | STELLANTIS |
| Net revenues from externa | al customers | 42,442 | 31,275 | 3,039 | 7,233 | 2,150 | 943 | 917 | 87,999 |
| Net revenues from transac segments | ctions with other | 1 | 44 | _ | _ | 2 | (2) | (45) | _ |
| Net revenues | | 42,443 | 31,319 | 3,039 | 7,233 | 2,152 | 941 | 872 | 87,999 |
| Net profit from continuin | ng operations | | | | | | | | 7,960 |
| Tax expense | | | | | | | | | 1,985 |
| Net financial expenses | | | | | | | | | 431 |
| Share of the profit of equit | y method investees | | | | | | | | (56) |
| Operating income | • | | | | | | | | 10,320 |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | | | | |
| Restructuring and other co | osts, net of reversals ^(A) | 157 | 619 | _ | 33 | _ | _ | 29 | 838 |
| CAFE penalty rate ^(B) | | 660 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 660 |
| Takata recall campaign ^(C) | | _ | 538 | 22 | 2 | _ | _ | _ | 562 |
| Patents litigation ^(D) | | 93 | 40 | _ | 1 | _ | _ | _ | 134 |
| Impairment expense and s | supplier obligations | 18 | 4 | _ | 45 | _ | _ | _ | 67 |
| Other ^(E) | | (62) | (210) | _ | _ | (1) | _ | 66 | (207) |
| Total adjustments | | 866 | 991 | 22 | 81 | (1) | _ | 95 | 2,054 |
| Adjusted operating inco | me ⁽¹⁾ | 7,683 | 3,267 | 472 | 1,002 | 289 | 62 | (401) | 12,374 |

^(*) Other activities, unallocated items and eliminations
(A) Primarily related to workforce reductions, mainly in Enlarged Europe, North America and South America
(B) Increase in provision related to Model Year 2019 - 2021 CAFE penalty rate adjustment
(C) Extension of Takata airbags recall campaign in Enlarged Europe, Middle East & Africa and South America
(D) Provision related to litigation by certain patent owners related to the use of certain technologies in prior periods
(E) Mainly related to release of litigation provisions, changes in ownership of equity method investments, partially offset by net losses on disposals



Net revenues from external customers to Pro Forma Net revenues and Net profit from continuing operations to Pro Forma Adjusted operating income

Results from continuing operations

| H1 2021 | NORTH | ENLARGED | MIDDLE EAST | SOUTH | CHINA AND INDIA & ASIA | | | |
|--|----------------|----------|-------------|---------|------------------------|----------|----------|------------|
| Pro Forma (€ million) | AMERICA | EUROPE | & AFRICA | AMERICA | PACIFIC | MASERATI | OTHER(*) | STELLANTIS |
| Net revenues from external customers ^(A) | 30,420 | 31,504 | 2,511 | 4,742 | 1,822 | 863 | 748 | 72,610 |
| Add: FCA Net revenues from external | 0.045 | 005 | 00 | 400 | | 40 | | 0.704 |
| customers, January 1 - 16, 2021 ^(B) | 2,015 | 335 | 36 | 189 | 51 | 18 | 60 | 2,704 |
| Add: Pro Forma adjustments ^(C) | 3 | (7) | | | | | | (4) |
| Pro Forma Net revenues from external customers, January 1 – June 30, 2021 | 32,438 | 31,832 | 2,547 | 4,931 | 1,873 | 881 | 808 | 75,310 |
| Net revenues from transactions with other segments | 9 | 208 | _ | 5 | 10 | 4 | (236) | _ |
| Pro Forma Net revenues ^(D) | 32,447 | 32,040 | 2,547 | 4,936 | 1,883 | 885 | 572 | 75,310 |
| Net profit from continuing operations | | | | | | | | 5,800 |
| Tax expense | | | | | | | | 1,729 |
| Net financial expenses | | | | | | | | 217 |
| Share of the profit of equity method investees | | | | | | | | (402) |
| Operating income | | | | | | | | 7,344 |
| Add: FCA operating income, January 1 - 16, 2021 | | | | | | | | 77 |
| Add: Pro forma adjustments | | | | | | | | 96 |
| Pro Forma Operating income | | | | | | | | 7,517 |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | | | |
| Restructuring and other costs, net of reversals ^(E) | (2) | 487 | 1 | 48 | _ | _ | 7 | 541 |
| Reversal of inventory fair value adjustment in purchase accounting ^(F) | 401 | 89 | _ | 13 | 19 | _ | _ | 522 |
| Impairment expense and supplier obligations | _ | 21 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 21 |
| Brazilian indirect tax-reversal of liability/recognition of credits ^(G) | _ | _ | _ | (222) | _ | _ | _ | (222) |
| Other ^(H) | 36 | 85 | _ | _ | _ | 2 | 120 | 243 |
| Total adjustments January 1 - June 30, 2021 | 435 | 682 | 1 | (161) | 19 | 2 | 127 | 1,105 |
| Pro Forma Adjusted operating income ⁽¹⁾ | 5,236 | 2,829 | 247 | 326 | 206 | 29 | (251) | 8,622 |

^(*) Other activities, unallocated items and eliminations
(A) PSA was identified as the accounting acquirer in the Merger, which was accounted for as a reverse acquisition, under IFRS 3 – Business Combinations, and, as such, it contributed to the results of the Company beginning January 1, 2021. FCA was consolidated into Stellantis effective January 17, 2021, the day after the Merger became effective
(B) FCA consolidated Net revenues, January 1 - January 16, 2021, excluding intercompany transactions
(C) Reclassifications made to present FCA's Net revenues January 1 - January 16, 2021 consistently with that of PSA
(D) Pro Forma Stellantis consolidated Net revenues, January 1 - June 30, 2021
(E) Restructuring and other costs related to reorganization of operations and dealer network, primarily in Enlarged Europe

⁽F) Reversal of fair value adjustment recognized in purchase accounting on FCA inventories (G) Benefit related to final decision of Brazilian Supreme Court on calculation of state value added tax (H) Includes other costs primarily related to merger and integration activities



Net profit from continuing operations to Adjusted operating income

Results from continuing operations

| H1 2021 | (€ million) | NORTH AMERICA | ENLARGED EUROPE | MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA | SOUTH AMERICA | CHINA AND INDIA & ASIA PACIFIC | MASERATI | OTHER(*) | STELLANTIS |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------|
| Net profit from continu | ing operations | | | | | | | | 5,800 |
| Tax expense | | | | | | | | | 1,729 |
| Net financial expenses | | | | | | | | | 217 |
| Share of the profit of equ | ity method investees | | | | | | | | (402) |
| Operating income | | | | | | | | | 7,344 |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | | | | |
| Restructuring and other of reversals ^(A) | costs, net of | (2) | 487 | 1 | 48 | _ | _ | 7 | 541 |
| Reversal of inventory fair purchase accounting ^(B) | r value adjustment in | 401 | 89 | _ | 13 | 19 | _ | _ | 522 |
| Impairment expense and | supplier obligations | _ | 21 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 21 |
| Brazilian indirect tax-reve liability/recognition of cre | | _ | _ | _ | (222) | _ | _ | _ | (222) |
| Other ^(D) | | 36 | 85 | _ | _ | _ | 2 | 120 | 243 |
| Total adjustments Januar | ry 1 - June 30, 2021 | 435 | 682 | 1 | (161) | 19 | 2 | 127 | 1,105 |
| Less: Adjustments Janua | ary 1 - 16, 2021 ^(E) | | | | | | | | 11 |
| Adjusted operating inc | ome ⁽¹⁾ | 4,983 | 2,878 | 256 | 317 | 208 | 42 | (246) | 8,438 |

Refer to page 8 for an explanation of the items referenced on this page.

^(*) Other activities, unallocated items and eliminations
(A) Restructuring and other costs related to reorganization of operations and dealer network, primarily in Enlarged Europe
(B) Reversal of fair value adjustment recognized in purchase accounting on FCA inventories
(C) Benefit related to final decision of Brazilian Supreme Court on calculation of state value added tax
(D) Includes other costs primarily related to merger and integration activities
(E) Primarily costs related to the merger



Cash flows from operating activities to Industrial free cash flows and Cash flows from operating activities to Pro Forma Industrial free cash flows

| (€ million) | H1 2022 | H1 2021 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | 9,843 | 5,615 |
| Less: Cash flows from operating activities - discontinued operations | _ | _ |
| Cash flows from operating activities - continuing operations | 9,843 | 5,615 |
| Less: Operating activities not attributable to industrial activities | 129 | (22) |
| Less: Capital Expenditures and capitalized research and development expenditures and change in amounts payable on property, plant and equipment and intangible assets for industrial activities | 4,388 | 4,982 |
| Add: Proceeds from disposal of assets and other changes in investing activities | 251 | 100 |
| Less: Contributions of equity to joint ventures and minor acquisitions of consolidated subsidiaries and equity method investments | 293 | 141 |
| Add: Net intercompany payments between continuing operations and discontinued operations | _ | _ |
| Add: Defined benefit pension contributions, net of tax | 35 | 36 |
| Industrial free cash flows ⁽²⁾ | 5,319 | 650 |
| Add: FCA Industrial free cash flows, January 1 - 16, 2021 | n.a. | (1,813) |
| Pro Forma Industrial free cash flows ⁽²⁾ | n.a. | (1,163) |

n.a. = not applicable

Debt to Industrial net financial position

| € million | June 30, 2022 | December 31, 2021 |
|--|------------------|-------------------|
| Debt | (28,164) | (33,582) |
| Current financial receivables from jointly-controlled financial services companies | 332 | 103 |
| Derivative financial assets/(liabilities), net and collateral deposits | 14 | (9) |
| Financial securities | 1,779 | 1,499 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 46,355 | 49,629 |
| Net financial position | 20,316 | 17,640 |
| Less: Net financial position of financial services | (1,738) | (1,450) |
| Industrial net financial position ⁽⁸⁾ | 22,054 | 19,090 |

Refer to page 8 for an explanation of the items referenced on this page.



NOTES

(1) Adjusted operating income/(loss) excludes from Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations adjustments comprising restructuring, impairments, asset write-offs, disposals of investments and unusual operating income/(expense) that are considered rare or discrete events and are infrequent in nature, as inclusion of such items is not considered to be indicative of the Company's ongoing operating performance, and also excludes Net financial expenses/(income), Tax expense/(benefit) and Share of the profit/(loss) of equity method investees

Unusual operating income/(expense) are impacts from strategic decisions, as well as events considered rare or discrete and infrequent in nature, as inclusion of such items is not considered to be indicative of the Company's ongoing operating performance. Unusual operating income/(expense) includes, but may not be limited to: impacts from strategic decisions to rationalize Stellantis' core operations; facility-related costs stemming from Stellantis' plans to match production capacity and cost structure to market demand, and; convergence and integration costs directly related to significant acquisitions or mergers.

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, Pro Forma Adjusted operating income includes the Adjusted operating income of FCA for the period January 1 - January 16, 2021.

(2) Industrial free cash flows is calculated as Cash flows from operating activities less: cash flows from operating activities from discontinued operations; cash flows from operating activities related to financial services, net of eliminations; investments in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets for industrial activities; contributions of equity to joint ventures and minor acquisitions of consolidated subsidiaries and equity method investments; and adjusted for: net intercompany payments between continuing operations and discontinued operations; proceeds from disposal of assets and contributions to defined benefit pension plans, net of tax. For the six months ended June 30, 2021, Pro Forma Industrial free

cash flows includes the Industrial free cash flows of FCA for the period January 1 - January 16, 2021. The timing of Industrial free cash flows may be affected by the timing of monetization of receivables and the payment of accounts payables, as well as changes in other components of working capital, which can vary from period to period due to, among other things, cash management initiatives and other factors, some of which may be outside of the Company's control.

- (3) Completed merger of Peugeot S.A. ("PSA") with and into Fiat Chrysler Automobiles N.V. ("FCA") on January 16, 2021 ("Merger"). On January 17, 2021, combined company was renamed Stellantis N.V. ("Stellantis" or "Company"). PSA was determined to be the acquirer for accounting purposes, therefore, the historical financial statements of Stellantis represent the continuing operations of PSA, which also reflect the loss of control and the classification of Faurecia S.E. (Faurecia) as a discontinued operation as of January 1, 2021 with the restatement of comparative periods. Acquisition date of business combination was January 17, 2021, therefore, results of FCA for the period January 1 16, 2021 are excluded from H1 2021 results unless otherwise stated. H1 2021 Pro Forma results are presented as if the merger had occurred on January 1, 2020 and include results of FCA for the period January 1 16, 2021.
- (4) Regions relates to geographical regions of: North America, Enlarged Europe, Middle East & Africa, South America and China and India & Asia Pacific.
- (5) Source: China State Information Center (SIC), S&P Global, Ward's Automotive and Company estimates.
- (6) Per S&P Global May 2022 year-to-date vehicle registrations (most current data available); PC + light-duty trucks.
- (7) Combined shipments include shipments by the Company's consolidated subsidiaries and unconsolidated joint ventures, whereas Consolidated shipments only include shipments by the Company's consolidated subsidiaries.
- (8) Industrial net financial position is calculated as Debt plus derivative financial liabilities related to industrial activities less (i) cash and cash equivalents, (ii) financial securities that are considered liquid, (iii) current financial receivables from the Company or its jointly controlled financial services entities and (iv) derivative financial assets and collateral deposits; therefore, debt, cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets/liabilities pertaining to Stellantis' financial services entities are excluded from the computation of the Industrial net financial position. Industrial net financial position includes the Industrial net financial position classified as held for sale.

For purposes of this document, and unless otherwise stated, rankings, market share and other industry information are for passenger cars (PC) plus light commercial vehicles

Market share information is derived from third-party industry sources (e.g. Agence Nationale des Titres Sécurisés (ANTS), Associação Nacional dos Fabricantes de Veículos Automotores (ANFAVEA), Unione Nazionale Rappresentanti Veicoli Esteri (UNRAE), Ward's Automotive) and internal information.

Represents Passenger cars (PC) and light commercial vehicles (LCV), except as noted below:

- Middle East & Africa exclude Iran, Sudan and Syria
- India & Asia Pacific reflects aggregate for major markets where Stellantis competes (Japan (PC), India (PC), South Korea (PC + Pickups), Australia, New Zealand and South East Asia)
- · China represents PC only
- Maserati reflects aggregate for 17 major markets where Maserati competes and is derived from S&P Global data, Maserati competitive segment and internal information

Prior period figures have been updated to reflect current information provided by third-party industry sources.

2021 includes FCA for the period January 1 - 16, 2021

Commercial Vehicles market share refers to light commercial vehicles.

 $\,$ EU30 = EU 27 (excluding Malta), Iceland, Norway, Switzerland and UK.

Low emission vehicles (LEV) = battery electric (BEV), plug-in hybrid (PHEV) and fuel cell electric (FCEV). BEV retail sales based on Company estimates and include Citroen Ami and Opel Rocks-e.



Appendix

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

This Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information has been prepared to give effect to completion of the merger of PSA and FCA to create Stellantis, which was completed on January 17, 2021, as if it had been completed on January 1, 2020. The Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information includes the unaudited pro forma consolidated income statement for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and the related explanatory notes (the "Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information"). The Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information has been prepared for illustrative purposes only with the aim to provide comparative period income statement information, and does not necessarily represent what the actual results of operations would have been had the merger been completed on January 1, 2020. Additionally, the Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information does not attempt to represent, or be an indication of, the future results of operations or cash flows of Stellantis. No proforma statement of financial position has been presented as the effects of the merger have been reflected in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position of Stellantis as of December 31, 2021.

The Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information presented herein is derived from (i) the Semi-Annual Condensed Consolidated Income Statement of Stellantis for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and (ii) FCA's accounting records for the period from January 1, 2021 to January 16, 2021. The Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information should be read in conjunction with the historical consolidated financial statements referenced above and the accompanying notes thereto.

The consolidated financial statements of Stellantis and FCA are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union. There is no effect on the consolidated financial statements resulting from differences between IFRS as issued by the IASB and IFRS as adopted by the European Union. The Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information is prepared on a basis that is consistent with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the Semi-Annual Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of Stellantis as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

The historical consolidated financial information has been adjusted in the accompanying Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information to give effect to unaudited pro forma events that are directly attributable to the merger and factually supportable. Specifically, the pro forma adjustments relate to the following:

- The purchase price allocation, primarily to reflect adjustments to depreciation and amortization associated with the acquired property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with a finite useful life, as well as a reduction in the interest expense related to the fair value adjustment to financial liabilities.
- · The alignment of accounting policies of FCA to those applied by Stellantis.
- The elimination of intercompany transactions between FCA and PSA.

The pro forma adjustments relate to the period from January 1, 2021 to January 16, 2021.

The Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information does not reflect any anticipated synergies, operating efficiencies or cost savings that may be achieved, or any integration costs that may be incurred, following the completion of the merger.



UNAUDITED PRO FORMA SEMI-ANNUAL CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

| H1 2021 (€ million, except per share amounts) | Stellantis | January 1 - 16, 2021 results of FCA | Purchase Price Allocation | Other adjustments | Stellantis Pro Forma Consolidated Income Statement |
|--|------------|--|------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| | Note 1 | Note 2 | Note 3 | Note 4 | |
| Net revenues | 72,610 | 2,704 | 2 | (6) | 75,310 |
| Cost of revenues | 58,301 | 2,322 | (52) | (6) | 60,565 |
| Selling, general and other costs | 4,550 | 192 | (2) | _ | 4,740 |
| Research and development costs | 2,046 | 113 | (40) | _ | 2,119 |
| Gains/(losses) on disposal of investments | 2 | _ | _ | _ | 2 |
| Restructuring costs | 371 | _ | _ | _ | 371 |
| Operating income/(loss) | 7,344 | 77 | 96 | _ | 7,517 |
| Net financial expenses/(income) | 217 | 29 | (17) | _ | 229 |
| Profit/(loss) before taxes | 7,127 | 48 | 113 | _ | 7,288 |
| Tax expense | 1,729 | 21 | 7 | _ | 1,757 |
| Share of the profit of equity method investees | 402 | 3 | _ | _ | 405 |
| Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations | 5,800 | 30 | 106 | _ | 5,936 |
| Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax | 990 | _ | _ | _ | 990 |
| Net profit/(loss) | 6,790 | 30 | 106 | _ | 6,926 |
| Net profit/(loss) attributable to: | | | | | |
| Owners of the parent | 6,780 | 30 | 106 | _ | 6,916 |
| Non controlling interests | 10 | _ | _ | _ | 10 |
| Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations | | | | | |
| Owners of the parent | 5,790 | 30 | 106 | _ | 5,926 |
| Non controlling interests | 10 | _ | _ | _ | 10 |
| Earnings per share (€/share): | | | | | |
| Basic earnings per share | 2.17 | | | | 2.21 |
| Diluted earnings per share | 2.11 | | | | 2.16 |
| Earnings per share from continuing operations (€/share): | | | | | |
| Basic earnings per share | 1.85 | | | | 1.90 |
| Diluted earnings per share | 1.81 | | | | 1.85 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information.



NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Note 1 - Stellantis

This column is the Semi-Annual Condensed Consolidated Income Statement of Stellantis for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

Note 2 - FCA Historical

This column represents the FCA results for the period from January 1, 2021 to January 16, 2021, as derived from FCA's accounting records.

Note 3 - Purchase Price Allocation

As noted in the introduction to this Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information, the merger has been accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with IFRS 3, with PSA identified as the accounting acquirer (reverse acquisition accounting). The acquisition method of accounting under IFRS 3 applies the fair value concepts defined in IFRS 13 and requires, among other things, that the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed in a business combination be recognized by the acquirer at their fair values as of the merger date, which for accounting purposes was January 17, 2021. As a result, the acquisition method of accounting has been applied and the assets and liabilities of FCA have been recognized at the merger acquisition date at their respective fair values, with limited exceptions as permitted by IFRS 3. The excess of the consideration transferred over the fair value of FCA's assets acquired and liabilities assumed has been recorded as goodwill.

The Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information reflects the effects of the purchase accounting adjustments, where applicable, on the unaudited pro forma consolidated income statement for the six months ended June 30, 2021 as if the merger had occurred on January 1, 2020.

The following tables provide a summary of the pro forma effects of the purchase price allocation adjustments in the unaudited pro forma consolidated income statement for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

For the period January 1 - 16, 2021

| January 1 - 16, 2021 (€ million) | Intangible assets | Property, plant and equipment | Financial liabilities | Other | Total |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|-------|
| | (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) | |
| Net revenues | _ | _ | _ | 2 | 2 |
| Cost of revenues | _ | 45 | _ | 7 | 52 |
| Selling, general and other costs | - | 2 | _ | | 2 |
| Research and development costs | 40 | _ | _ | _ | 40 |
| Net financial expenses/(income) | - | _ | 21 | (4) | 17 |
| Tax expenses | (4) | _ | (3) | _ | (7) |
| Net profit | 36 | 47 | 18 | 5 | 106 |

The pro forma adjustments are described in further detail below.

A. Intangible assets

The fair value of brands (Jeep, Ram, Dodge, Fiat, Maserati, Alfa Romeo and Mopar) was determined through an income approach based on the relief from royalty method, which requires an estimate of future expected cash flows. The useful life associated with the brands is determined to be indefinite. For capitalized development expenditures, the fair value has been assessed according to a multi-criteria approach based on relief from royalty method and an excess-earning method. The fair value for the Dealer network has been assessed using the replacement cost method. The fair value of reacquired rights has been valued based on the discounted cash flows expected from the related agreement.

Amortization of intangible assets has been calculated on the fair value taking into account the estimated remaining useful life of the acquired assets. The related change in amortization as a result of the fair value adjustment to intangible assets was a net decrease in amortization expense of €40 million for the period January 1 to January 16, 2021, which has been recorded within Research and development costs in relation to capitalized research and development costs and other intangible assets.



B. Property, plant and equipment

The fair value of property, plant and equipment was determined primarily through the replacement cost method, which requires an estimation of the physical, functional and economic obsolescence of the related assets. A market approach, which requires the comparison of the subject assets to transactions involving comparable assets, was applied to determine the fair value of land. The fair value of certain assets was determined through an income approach.

Depreciation has been calculated on the fair value taking into account the estimated remaining useful life of the acquired assets. The related change in depreciation as a result of the fair value adjustment to property, plant and equipment was a decrease in depreciation expense of €47 million for the period January 1 to January 16, 2021, of which €45 million has been recorded within Cost of revenues and €2 million within Selling, general and other costs in the Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information.

C Financial liabilities

Purchase price adjustments were recognized to step up to fair value the financial liabilities based on quoted market prices for listed debt and based on discounted cash flow models for debt that is not listed. The fair value adjustments to financial liabilities resulted in a decrease in interest expense due to the decrease of the effective interest rate based on current market conditions of €21 million for the period January 1 to January 16, 2021 and has been recorded within Net financial income (expense) in the Unaudited Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Information

D. Other

Primarily reflects:

- the recognition of additional revenue of €2 million for the period January 1 to January 16, 2021, as a result of a step up to fair value of deferred revenue relating to extended warranty service contracts, as well as additional finance costs of €4 million for the period January 1 to January 16, 2021, due to the recognition of the fair value adjustments of the related liabilities.
- the reversal of the impact on cost of revenues of €7 million for the period January 1 to January 16, 2021 of certain prepaid assets that were written off as part of the purchase price allocation.

The step up in the value of inventories has not been recognized as a pro forma adjustment as this impact has been recognized in Stellantis results for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

E. Tax expense

Represents the tax effects on the pro forma adjustments reflected in the unaudited pro forma consolidated income statement, calculated based on statutory tax rates applicable in the relevant jurisdictions.

Note 4 - Other Adjustments

Other adjustments include the elimination of the intercompany transactions with Sevel in the Stellantis Consolidated Income Statement for the six months ended June 30, 2021 of €6 million. Sevel is a joint operation that was previously owned 50 percent each by both PSA and FCA. Upon completion of the merger, Stellantis holds 100 percent of Sevel, which is fully consolidated from that date.

Note 5 - Pro Forma Earnings per Share

Pro Forma basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the Pro Forma Net profit from continuing operations attributable to the owners of the parent by the Pro Forma weighted average number of shares outstanding, as adjusted for the merger.

Pro Forma diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the historical diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding with the Pro Forma weighted average number of dilutive shares outstanding, as adjusted for the merger.



Pro Forma Basic earnings per share

H1 2021 (€ million)

| (€ million except otherwise noted) | | Stellantis | Continuing operations | Discontinued operations |
|---|---|------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| Net profit attributable to owners of the parent, as adjusted | € | 6,780 | € 5,790 € | € 990 |
| Add: FCA Net profit attributable to owners of the parent, January 1 - 16, 2021 | | 30 | 30 | _ |
| Add: Pro forma adjustments | | 106 | 106 | _ |
| Pro Forma Net profit attributable to owners of the parent (A) | € | 6,916 | € 5,926 € | € 990 |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding for basic earnings per share (thousand), January 17 - June 30, 2021 (B) | | 3,123,533 | 3,123,533 | 3,123,533 |
| Pro Forma Basic earnings per share (€ per share) (A/B) | € | 2.21 | € 1.90 € | € 0.32 |

Pro Forma Diluted earnings per share

H1 2021 (€ million)

| (€ million except otherwise noted) | | Stellantis | Continuing operations | Discontinued operations |
|---|---|------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| Net profit attributable to owners of the parent, as adjusted | € | 6,780 | € 5,790 | € 990 |
| Add: FCA Net profit attributable to owners of the parent, January 1 - 16, 2021 | | 30 | 30 | _ |
| Add: Pro forma adjustments | | 106 | 106 | _ |
| Pro Forma Net profit attributable to owners of the parent (A) | € | 6,916 | € 5,926 | € 990 |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding (thousand), January 17 - June 30, 2021 | | 3,123,533 | 3,123,533 | 3,123,533 |
| Number of shares deployable for share-based compensation, January 17 - June 30, 2021 (thousand) | | 14,577 | 14,577 | 14,577 |
| Equity warrants delivered to General Motors (thousand) | | 68,497 | 68,497 | 68,497 |
| Pro Forma Weighted average number of shares outstanding for diluted earnings per share (thousand) (B) | | 3,206,607 | 3,206,607 | 3,206,607 |
| Pro Forma Diluted earnings per share (€ per share) (A/B) | € | 2.16 | € 1.85 | € 0.31 |



SAFE HARBOR STATEMENT

This document, in particular references to "FY 2022 Guidance", contains forward looking statements. In particular, statements regarding future financial performance and the Company's expectations as to the achievement of certain targeted metrics, including revenues, industrial free cash flows, vehicle shipments, capital investments, research and development costs and other expenses at any future date or for any future period are forward-looking statements. These statements may include terms such as "may", "will", "expect", "could", "should", "intend", "estimate", "anticipate", "believe", "remain", "on track", "design", "target", "objective", "goal", "forecast", "projection", "outlook", "prospects", "plan", or similar terms. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance. Rather, they are based on the Company's current state of knowledge, future expectations and projections about future events and are by their nature, subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. They relate to events and depend on circumstances that may or may not occur or exist in the future and, as such, undue reliance should not be placed on them.

Actual results may differ materially from those expressed in forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of factors, including: the continued impact of unfilled semiconductor orders; the Company's ability to realize the anticipated benefits of the merger, the continued impact of the COVID-19 pandemic; the Company's ability to launch new products successfully and to maintain vehicle shipment volumes; the Company's ability to successfully manage the industry-wide transition from internal combustion engines to full electrification; changes in the global financial markets, general economic environment and changes in demand for automotive products, which is subject to cyclicality; changes in local economic and political conditions; changes in trade policy, the imposition of global and regional tariffs or tariffs targeted to the automotive industry, the enactment of tax reforms or other changes in tax laws and regulations; the Company's ability to produce or procure electric batteries with competitive performance, cost and at required volumes; the Company's ability to offer innovative, attractive products and to develop, manufacture and sell vehicles with advanced features including enhanced electrification, connectivity and autonomous driving characteristics; various types of claims, lawsuits, governmental investigations and other contingencies, including product liability and warranty claims and environmental claims, investigations and lawsuits; material operating expenditures in relation to compliance with environmental, health and safety regulations; the level of competition in the automotive industry, which may increase due to consolidation; exposure to shortfalls in the funding of the Company's defined benefit pension plans; the Company's ability to provide or arrange for access to adequate financing for dealers and retail customers and associated risks related to the establishment and operations of financial services companies; the Company's ability to access funding to execute its business plans; a significant malfunction, disruption or security breach compromising information technology systems or the electronic control systems contained in the Company's vehicles; the Company's ability to realize anticipated benefits from joint venture arrangements; disruptions arising from political, social and economic instability; risks associated with the Company's relationships with employees, dealers and suppliers; increases in costs, disruptions of supply or shortages of raw materials, parts, components and systems used in the Company's vehicles; the Company's ability to maintain effective internal controls over financial reporting; developments in labor and industrial relations and developments in applicable labor laws; exchange rate fluctuations, interest rate changes, credit risk and other market risks; political and civil unrest; earthquakes or other disasters; and other risks and uncertainties.

Any forward-looking statements contained in this document speak only as of the date of this document and the Company disclaims any obligation to update or revise publicly forward-looking statements. Further information concerning the Company and its businesses, including factors that could materially affect the Company's financial results, is included in the Company's reports and filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and AFM.